

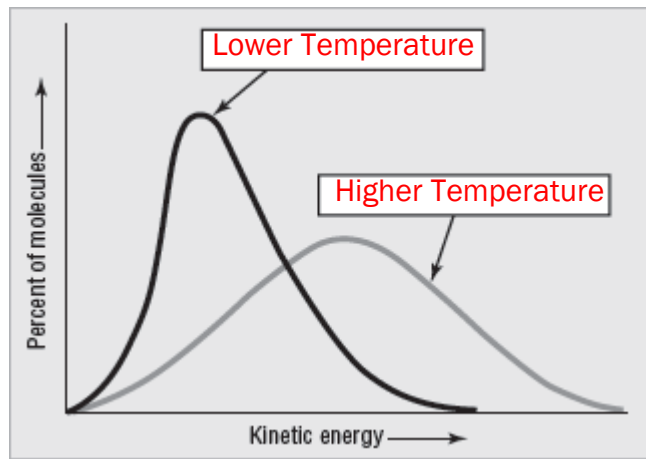
Name _____
Honors Physics
Period _____

Date _____
Thermodynamics WS #5H
Mrs. Nadworny

Average Kinetic Energy

Directions: Read textbook pages 376 - 385. Solve the following problems using the GUESS method and proper significant figures. Be sure to show ALL work.

1. On the graph below, write the labels *lower temperature* and *higher temperature* to identify the curve that depicts the kinetic energy distribution of particles in a liquid at a lower temperature and at a higher temperature.



2. A 50 g container of nitrogen gas is at a temperature of 500. K. What is the average kinetic energy of the molecules in the gas?

$$\overline{KE} = \frac{3}{2} k_B T = \frac{3}{2} (1.38 \times 10^{-23} \frac{J}{K}) (500. K)$$
$$\overline{KE} = 1.04 \times 10^{-20} J$$

3. Calculate the kinetic energy of an individual gas molecule of mass 3.5×10^{-26} kg moving at a speed of 600. m/s.

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$$
$$KE = \frac{1}{2} (3.5 \times 10^{-26} \text{ kg}) (600. \frac{m}{s})^2$$
$$KE = 6.3 \times 10^{-21} J$$

4. A sample of gas has an average kinetic energy of 4.71×10^{-22} joules. Calculate the average temperature of the sample.

$$T = \frac{2 KE}{3 k_b} = \frac{2 (4.71 \times 10^{-22} J)}{3 (1.38 \times 10^{-23} \frac{J}{K})} = 22.8 K$$

Answers in size order: 6.3×10^{-21} , 1.04×10^{-20} , 22.8