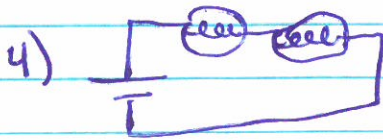


HW3 p613 MC 4,5,6,7,11 C29
 p615 P 15,16,25
 Online Kirchoff's Current Rule Rank

p613 - Multiple Choice



Two identical bulbs in series

current?

(b) Current through battery is $\frac{1}{2}$ that when 1 bulb

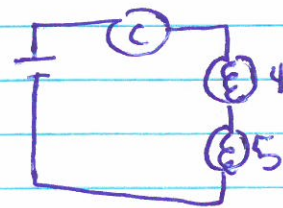
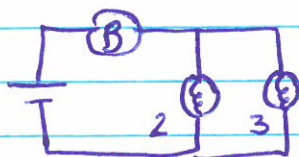
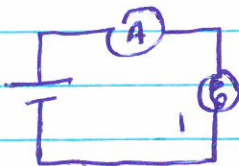
(e) Current in bulbs 1+2 identical

5) (same circuit)

potential diff?

(c) The pot diff is same across bulbs 1+2

6) Three circuits w/ identical bulbs



Rank circuits in terms of ammeter reading

$$B > A > C$$

$\frac{1}{2}R$ R $2R$

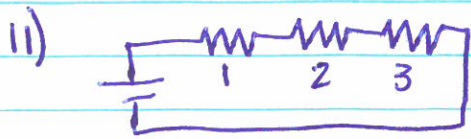
$\uparrow I$ $\downarrow R$

7) Rank pot diff across bulbs

$$V_1 = V \quad V = V_2 = V_3 \quad V = V_4 + V_5$$

$$V_3 = V_4 = \frac{1}{2}V$$

$$1 = 2 = 3 > 4 = 5$$



current?

$$I_1 = I_2 = I_3$$

- Concept

29) A) which physical law explains Kirchoff junction?

• law of conservation of charge

B) which physical law explains Kirchoff loop?

• law of conservation of energy

p613 - Problems

15) Circuit w/ 50Ω , 100Ω , 150Ω resistors
in series

A) Rank current from high to low

$$I_{50} = I_{100} = I_{150} \quad (\text{series current is equal})$$

B) Rank the pot diff

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} V = IR \text{ same } I \\ \uparrow R \quad \uparrow V \end{array} \right)$$

$$V_{150} > V_{100} > V_{50}$$

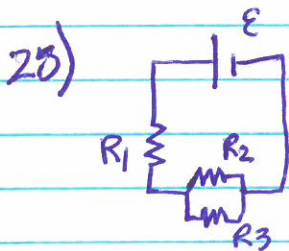
16) Circuit w/ 50Ω , 100Ω , 150Ω resistors in parallel

A) Rank current ($V_{\text{same}} \quad I = V/R \quad \uparrow I \downarrow R$)

$$I_{50} > I_{100} > I_{150}$$

B) Rank pot diff

$$V_{150} = V_{100} = V_{50} \quad (I, \Delta V \text{ is equal})$$



$$I_1 = 2.0 \text{ A} \quad R_1 = 4\Omega \quad R_2 = 10\Omega \quad R_3 = 40\Omega$$

a) $I_2 = ?$

$$I_1 = I_2 + I_3$$

$$\mathcal{E} = V_1 + V_{23} \quad V_2 = V_3$$

$$\textcircled{1} R_{2,3} = \left(\frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}\right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{10\Omega} + \frac{1}{40\Omega}\right)^{-1} \quad R_{23} = 8\Omega$$

$$\textcircled{2} V_{2,3} = I_{23} R_{23} = (2.0 \text{ A})(8\Omega) = 16 \text{ V}$$

$$\textcircled{3} I_2 = \frac{V_{2,3}}{R_2} = \frac{16 \text{ V}}{10\Omega} = 1.6 \text{ A}$$

b) $I_3 = ?$ $\textcircled{4} I_3 = \frac{V_{2,3}}{R_3} = \frac{16 \text{ V}}{40\Omega} = .4 \text{ A}$

OR $I_3 = I_1 - I_2 = 2.0 \text{ A} - 1.6 \text{ A} = .4 \text{ A}$

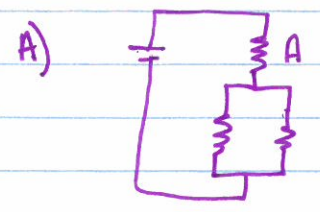
c) $\mathcal{E} = ?$ $\textcircled{1} V_T = I_T R_T = (2 \text{ A})(4\Omega) = 8 \text{ V}$

$$\textcircled{2} V_T = V_1 + V_{2,3} = 8 \text{ V} + 16 \text{ V} = 24 \text{ V}$$

OR $\textcircled{1} R_{\text{eq}} = R_1 + R_{23} = 4\Omega + 8\Omega = 12\Omega$ $\textcircled{2} V_T = I_T R_T = (2 \text{ A})(12\Omega) = 24 \text{ V}$

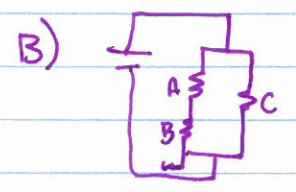
- Online

• Kirchoff Current Rule Rank



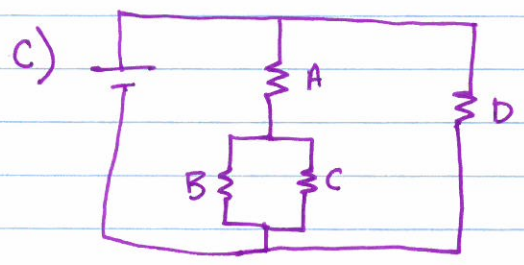
• Rank current flow large \rightarrow small

$$I_A > I_B = I_C$$



• Rank current flow large \rightarrow small

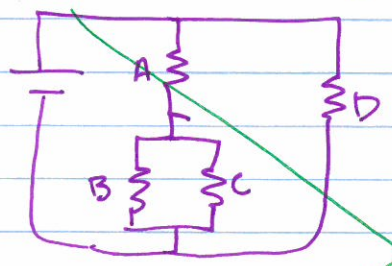
$$I_C > I_A = I_B$$



• Rank I large \rightarrow small

$$I_D > I_A > I_B = I_C$$

• Kirchoff Loop Rule



• don't know ϵ or any R values

• Select expression that will equal battery where $V_A =$ voltage of A

$$V_A + V_B$$

$$V_A + V_C$$

(b/c $V_B = V_C$)

$$V_D$$

(b/c in // w/ battery)

(1)

(1)