

Questions

1. Determine the attractive force between the Moon and the Earth. [Hint: Use your reference tables for values.]
2. It takes Jon 10. minutes to run around the circular track at the high school. If Jon can run 2.5 m/s, what is the radius of the circle? [Hint: Convert time to seconds.]
3. A 500. kg car enters a traffic circle with a radius of 23 meters at a speed of 17 m/s. Determine the frictional force that keeps the car in its circular path.
4. An object of mass m is traveling in a circle of radius r with a speed v .
 - a. What happens to the centripetal force when the speed doubles?
 - b. What happens to the centripetal acceleration when the radius is cut in third?

Universal Gravitation, Circular Motion, & Kepler's Laws

Name _____

Definitions

1. Law of Gravitation - _____

2. Uniform Circular Motion - _____

3. Period - _____
4. Linear (tangential) velocity - _____

5. Centripetal - _____
6. Centrifugal - _____
7. Torque - _____

8. Kepler's 1st Law - _____

9. Kepler's 2nd Law - _____

10. Kepler's 3rd Law - _____

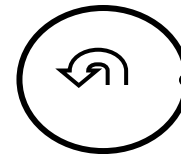
Equations (on Reference Tables)

- | | |
|----|----|
| 1. | 2. |
| 3. | |

Equations (NOT on Reference Tables)

- | | |
|-----|----|
| 4. | 5. |
| 6. | 7. |
| 8. | 9. |
| 10. | |

On the diagram below, draw arrows to represent the direction of the rubber stopper's velocity, acceleration, and centripetal force.



Sketch in the shapes of the graphs below.

