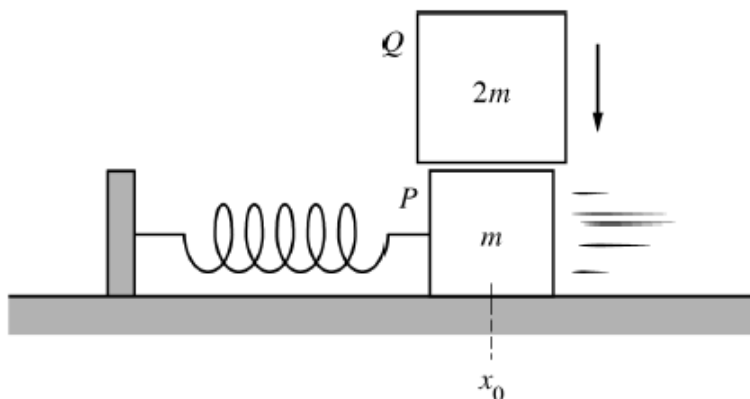


5. (7 points, suggested time 13 minutes)

Block  $P$  of mass  $m$  is on a horizontal, frictionless surface and is attached to a spring with spring constant  $k$ . The block is oscillating with period  $T_P$  and amplitude  $A_P$  about the spring's equilibrium position  $x_0$ . A second block  $Q$  of mass  $2m$  is then dropped from rest and lands on block  $P$  at the instant it passes through the equilibrium position, as shown above. Block  $Q$  immediately sticks to the top of block  $P$ , and the two-block system oscillates with period  $T_{PQ}$  and amplitude  $A_{PQ}$ .

(a) Determine the numerical value of the ratio  $T_{PQ}/T_P$ .



(b) The figure is reproduced above. How does the amplitude of oscillation  $A_{PQ}$  of the two-block system compare with the original amplitude  $A_P$  of block  $P$  alone?

\_\_\_\_\_  $A_{PQ} < A_P$       \_\_\_\_\_  $A_{PQ} = A_P$       \_\_\_\_\_  $A_{PQ} > A_P$

In a clear, coherent paragraph-length response that may also contain diagrams and/or equations, explain your reasoning.