

Modern #6

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(3)

p 1038 - Problems

- 33) How determine λ of e^- in cathode tube
if know potential dif of electrodes

$$E_i = E_f$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mv^2 = qV$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad V = \sqrt{\frac{2qV}{m}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \lambda = \frac{h}{P} = \frac{h}{mv} = \frac{h}{\sqrt{m}} \sqrt{\frac{2qV}{m}}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{h}{\sqrt{2qmV}}$$

↑ online want e not q

p 1077 - 10) ^{12}C

A) Total binding energy

6 protons, 6 neutrons, 6 electrons

mass = 12.000000 u

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \Delta m = M_{\text{pro}} + M_{\text{neut}} - M_{\text{atom}}$$

$$= 6(1.007825 \text{ u}) + 6(1.008665 \text{ u}) - 12.000000 \text{ u}$$

$$= .09894 \text{ u}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad .09894 \text{ u} \left(\frac{931 \text{ MeV}}{1 \text{ u}} \right) = 92.1 \text{ MeV}$$

B) binding energy per nucleon

$$\frac{92.1 \text{ MeV}}{12} = 7.68 \text{ MeV/nucleon}$$